TOWN OF THE CITY OF CHAMPAIGN, ILLINOIS

A Component Unit of the City of Champaign, Illinois
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT This section includes the opinion of the Town of the City of Champaign, Illinois' independent auditing firm.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 24, 2020

Board of Trustees Town of the City of Champaign Champaign, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of the City of Champaign, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of the City of Champaign's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town of the City of Champaign's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of the City of Champaign's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of the City of Champaign of Anywhere, Illinois, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Town of the City of Champaign, Illinois September 24, 2020 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of the City of Champaign, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of the City of Champaign's (Township's) financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements, which begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2020, the Town of the City of Champaign's total assets/deferred outflow of resources exceeded total liabilities/deferred inflows of resources by \$0.9 million.
- Net position of governmental activities decreased by \$399.7 thousand, or approximately 30.9 percent.
- During the year, taxes and other revenues were \$849.6 thousand while expenses were \$1.2 million.
- The governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$726.6 thousand, of which \$518.9 thousand was unassigned and is available for spending at the Township's discretion.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This Annual Report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11-13) provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Township's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Township's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the Township.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the Township include general government and public welfare. Property taxes and governmental revenues finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Township's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

The Town maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the General Assistance Fund, both of which are considered major funds. Individual fund data for each of these major governmental funds is provided in the form of schedules elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 17 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 18-37 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (I.M.R.F.) pension obligations. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 38 - 42 of this report. The schedules referred to earlier in connection with major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Individual fund budgetary comparison schedules can be found on pages 45 - 46 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Township, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$893.8 thousand, decreasing 30.9 percent from the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Net Position (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			
		2020		2019
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$	1,152.1 825.7	\$	1,223.7 839.6
Total Assets		1,977.8		2,063.3
Deferred Outflows of Resources		207.3		481.2
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,185.1		2,544.5
Long-Term Debt Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities		609.0 86.3 695.3		814.5 49.3 863.8
Deferred Inflows of Resources		596.0		387.1
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,291.3		1,250.9
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		580.7 191.7 121.4		574.5 274.6 444.4
Total Net Position	\$	893.8	\$	1,293.5

The Township's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and vehicles) accounts for 65.0 percent of the Township's net position. The Township uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion, or 21.4 percent of the Township's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 13.6 percent, or \$121.4 thousand, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities.

Changes in Net Position (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		
	2020 201		
Revenues			
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$	705.2 \$	675.6
Replacement Taxes		97.0	89.7
Interest Income		11.1	17.0
Miscellaneous		36.3	55.5
Total Revenues		849.6	837.8
Expenses			
General Government		1,052.5	641.7
Public Welfare		196.8	167.5
Total Expenses		1,249.3	809.2
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(399.7)	28.6
Net Position - Beginning		1,293.5	1,264.9
Net Position - Ending	\$	893.8 \$	1,293.5

Net position of the Township's governmental activities decreased by 30.9 percent (\$893.8 thousand compared to \$1,293.5 thousand). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position which can be used for day-to-day operations without constraints, decreased by 72.7 percent (\$121.4 thousand compared to \$444.4 thousand).

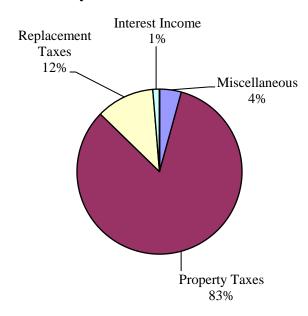
Total revenues increased by 1.4 percent (\$11.8 thousand). The total cost of all programs and services increased by 54.4 percent (\$1,249.3 thousand compared to \$809.2 thousand). This was due primarily to increases in the General Assistance Fund related to the CU @ Home Work Program, which increased to 5 days per week due to the acquisition of Prosperity Gardens, as well as increased needs in Emergency Grants due to the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, there was a large increase in the Assessor's Office fund due to payment for the setup of all Township property assessment records in Devnet, a new property assessment program used by Champaign County.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

The following pie chart demonstrates graphically the major revenue sources of the Township. It depicts the reliance on property taxes to fund governmental activities.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$726.6 thousand, which is 14.6% lower than last year's total of \$851.0 thousand.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund expenditures were lower than the budgeted amount by \$22.7 thousand (\$700.5 thousand actual compared to \$723.1 thousand budgeted), primarily due to lower capital outlay actually spent in the current fiscal year.

General Fund revenues were above the budgeted amount by \$13.1 thousand. The difference is mainly because replacement taxes were higher than budget by \$6.9 thousand, or 7.8%, and interest income came in over budget by \$3.0 thousand, or 59.4%.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 was \$825.7 thousand (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and equipment and vehicles.

Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation (in Thousands)

	Governmental		
	 Activities		
	2020 2019		
Construction in Progress	\$ 4.2	-	
Buildings & Improvements	821.5	839.6	
Equipment & Vehicles	-		
Total	\$ 825.7	839.6	

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Debt

The Township's total outstanding bonded debt as of June 30, 2020 is \$245,000. The following table provides a detail of this outstanding debt, comparing the current fiscal year to the previous fiscal year.

General Obligation Bonds (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		
	2020 2019		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 245.0	265.0	

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Township receives most of its revenue from property taxes. The property tax base of the Township continues to remain stable, allowing the Township to budget consistently for fiscal year 2020-2021.

The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Township's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of the City of Champaign's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Township Supervisor, Town of the City of Champaign, 53 E. Logan Street, Champaign, Illinois, 61820.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS		
Current Assets Cash and Investments	\$	610,720
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes		511,654
Replacement Taxes		13,828
Prepaids	_	15,869
Total Current Assets		1,152,071
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		4,153
Depreciable Capital Assets		918,022
Accumulated Depreciation		(96,519)
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	825,656
Total Assets		1,977,727
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Items - IMRF		207,378
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,185,105

LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$	50,379
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		12,965
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities Total Current Liabilities		22,981 86,325
Noncurrent Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences		11,924
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	3	372,114
General Obligation Bonds Payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	ϵ	225,000 609,038 695,363
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	3	362,145
Deferred Items - IMRF Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		233,788
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,2	291,296
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets	5	580,656
Restricted for IMRF		36,107
Restricted for Social Security		10,366
Restricted for Public Welfare	1	145,322
Unrestricted	1	121,358
Total Net Position	{	393,809

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Program Revenu	es	Net (Expenses)/
		Charges	Operating	Capital	Revenues and
		for	Grants/	Grants/	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position
Governmental Activities	ф 1.0 52.5 10				(1.052.510)
General Government	\$ 1,052,518	-	-	-	(1,052,518)
Public Welfare	196,788	-	-	-	(196,788)
Total	1,249,306	-	-		(1,249,306)
			General Revent Taxes Property Replacer Interest Inco Miscellaneo	Taxes ment Taxes ome	705,229 96,982 11,069 36,294 849,574
			Change in Net	Position	(399,732)
			Net Position - I	Beginning	1,293,541
			Net Position - I	Ending	893,809

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

		General	
	General	Assistance	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 493,871	116,849	610,720
Receivables - Net of Allowances			
Property Taxes	395,543	116,111	511,654
Replacement Taxes	13,828	-	13,828
Prepaids	8,877	6,992	15,869
Total Assets	912,119	239,952	1,152,071
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	46,326	4,053	50,379
Accrued Payroll and Benefits	11,563	1,402	12,965
Total Liabilities	57,889	5,455	63,344
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	279,962	82,183	362,145
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	337,851	87,638	425,489
FUND BALANCES			
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	8,877	6,992	15,869
Restricted	46,473	145,322	191,795
Unassigned	518,918	-	518,918
Total Fund Balances	574,268	152,314	726,582
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and			
and Fund Balances	912,119	239,952	1,152,071

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 726,582
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	825,656
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	(26,410)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences	(14,905)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(372,114)
General Obligation Bonds Payable	 (245,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	893,809

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	General Assistance	Totals
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 647,399	154,812	802,211
Interest	7,970	3,099	11,069
Miscellaneous		36,294	36,294
Total Revenues	655,369	194,205	849,574
Expenditures General Government	661,512	72,914	734,426
Public Welfare	-	196,788	196,788
Capital Outlay	11,947	3,852	15,799
Debt Service		-,	,
Principal Retirement	20,000	-	20,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,013	-	7,013
Total Expenditures	700,472	273,554	974,026
Net Change in Fund Balances	(45,103)	(79,349)	(124,452)
Fund Balances - Beginning	619,371	231,663	851,034
Fund Balances - Ending	574,268	152,314	726,582

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (124,452)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	4,153
Depreciation Expense	(18,051)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(466,086)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences Payable	(3,840)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	188,544
Retirement of Debt	 20,000
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	 (399,732)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of the City of Champaign, Illinois (Township) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Township's accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Township are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The Township is a body corporate and politic established under Illinois Compiled Statutes governed by an elected Board of Trustees and an elected Supervisor. The Township is considered to be a component unit of the City of Champaign, Illinois. The members of the Township Board of Trustees are the members of the City Council of the City of Champaign, Illinois.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Township's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Township as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Township's major funds).

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Township's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Township first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Township's functions (general government and public welfare). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property and replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs by function are normally covered by general revenue (property and replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Township as an entity and the change in the Township's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Township are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major governmental funds. Nonmajor funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund type is used by the Township:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Township:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Township maintains one major special revenue fund, the General Assistance Fund, which is used to account for property tax revenues used to provide basic needs assistance to Township citizens that meet specific need criteria.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to estimate reasonably the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Township recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, which are recognized when due.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Township's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Township as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs is capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY—Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

> Buildings and Improvements 50 Years Equipment and Vehicles 3 - 20 Years

Compensated Absences

The Township accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick leave by benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time. As of year-end, the Township reports property taxes related to next year's levy as a deferred inflow of resources.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY—Continued

Net Position – Continued

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Legal budgets are prepared in the form of an appropriations ordinance for Township funds using the same accounting basis and practices that are used to account for and prepare financial statements. Unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees (Board) after a public notice and hearing. Appropriations transfers between budget line items may be presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each transfer must have Board approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the fund level.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Township to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end the carrying amount of the Township's deposits totaled \$179,945 and the bank balances totaled \$188,611. Additionally, the Township has \$430,775 invested in the Illinois Funds at year-end, with an average maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Township's investment policy states that the portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating costs which may be reasonably anticipated.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law allows for the investment of funds in Illinois Funds. The Township's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Township's investment policy does not further limit investment instrument choices.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The entire amount of the bank balances of deposits were covered by federal depository insurance. The Township's investment policy states that deposits in excess of the amount insured by FDIC will be collateralized at 105% of the deposit amount.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township's investment in Illinois Funds is not subject to credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer. The Township's investment policy states that the portfolio shall be diversified to avoid unreasonable risks.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2019 levy attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are collected in two installments in June and September. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	4,153		4,153
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	902,558	-	-	902,558
Equipment and Vehicles	15,464	-	-	15,464
	918,022	-		918,022
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	63,004	18,051	-	81,055
Equipment and Vehicles	15,464	-	-	15,464
	78,468	18,051	-	96,519
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	839,554	(18,051)	-	821,503
Total Capital Assets	839,554	(13,898)	-	825,656

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government function.

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

General Obligation Bonds – Continued

	F	Beginning			Ending
Issue		Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
\$325,000 General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2015, due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$25,000 plus interest at 0.825% to 3.25% through December 15,					
2030.	\$	265,000	-	20,000	245,000

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balances	Additions	Deductions	Balances	One Year
					_
Compensated Absences	\$ 11,065	7,680	3,840	14,905	2,981
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	560,658	-	188,544	372,114	-
General Obligation Bonds	265,000	-	20,000	245,000	20,000
					_
	836,723	7,680	212,384	632,019	22,981

Payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the general obligation bonds are being made by the General Fund.

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Legal Debt Margin – Continued

Assessed Valuation - 2019	\$ 1,806,209,330
Bonded Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	51,928,518
Legal Debt Margin	51,928,518

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal	General Obligation Bonds			
Year	Principal	Interest		
		_		
2021	\$ 20,000	6,218		
2022	20,000	5,833		
2023	20,000	5,407		
2024	20,000	4,947		
2025	20,000	4,467		
2026	20,000	3,967		
2027	25,000	3,381		
2028	25,000	2,694		
2029	25,000	1,969		
2030	25,000	1,206		
2031	25,000	406		
Totals	245,000	40,495		

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds' financial statements, the Township considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Township first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		General			
	General		Assistance	Totals	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable - Prepaids	\$	8,877	6,992	15,869	
Restricted Property Tax Levies					
IMRF		36,107	-	36,107	
Social Security		10,366		10,366	
General Assistance		-	145,322	145,322	
	•	46,473	145,322	191,795	
Unassigned	5	518,918	-	518,918	
Total Fund Balances	5	574,268	152,314	726,582	

In the governmental fund financial statements, the Township considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Township first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Township's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Township, a component unit of the City, entered into an agreement with the City to pay the City for legal, financial and payroll, human resources, and information technologies services provided to the Township. Under the terms of the agreement, the Township will annually compensate the City for these services \$25,000 plus an annual increase, at the same rate as any cost of living compensation increase provided by the City to its non-bargaining unit employees. The agreement may be terminated by the City Manager or Township Supervisor upon written notice not less than 60 days prior to the desired termination date, or it may be terminated at any time upon the mutual agreement of the City Manager and Township Supervisor.

The City Manager and the Township Supervisor are currently re-negotiating the existing agreement. The terms of the agreement will remain relatively the same, but the administrative fee will be adjusted. It is expected to be formalized and signed by both parties in FY21.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by insurance purchased from independent third parties. Claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage during the current fiscal year and the previous three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Financial Impact from COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Township's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The Township's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Township's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Description

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Benefits Provided – Continued. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	9
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	7
Total	18

Contributions. As set by statute, the Township's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Township's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2019 was 12.91% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Township's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2019:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.35% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.25%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	5.75%
International Equities	18.00%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.20%
Blended	7.00%	3.60% - 7.60%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	1.85%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Township contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 645,281	372,114	143,987	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 2,605,988	2,045,330	560,658
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	31,258	-	31,258
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	183,905	-	183,905
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(168,785)	-	(168,785)
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	30,020	(30,020)
Contributions - Employees	-	14,878	(14,878)
Net Investment Income	-	403,995	(403,995)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(170,003)	(170,003)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		(213,971)	213,971
Net Changes	(123,625)	64,919	(188,544)
Balances at December 31, 2019	2,482,363	2,110,249	372,114

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Township recognized pension expense of \$326,659. At June 30, 2020, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 146,391	(123,648)	22,743
Changes of Assumptions	27,204	(13,229)	13,975
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		(96,911)	(96,911)
Total Expenses to be Recognized in Future Periods	173,595	(233,788)	(60,193)
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	33,783	-	33,783
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	207,378	(233,788)	(26,410)

\$33,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – Continued

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Ne	Net Deferred		
	C	Outflows/		
Fiscal	(Inflows)		
Year	of	Resources		
2021	\$	33,216		
2022		(12,488)		
2023		(27,321)		
2024		(53,600)		
2025		-		
Thereafter				
Total		(60,193)		

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Township has evaluated its potential other postemployment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Township are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is minimal participation. As the Township provides no explicit benefit, and there is minimal participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Therefore, the Township has not recorded a liability as of June 30, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Assistance Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	De	etuarially etermined ntribution	in F the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ntribution	E	ribution xcess/ iciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	41,321	\$	41,321	\$	_	\$ 345,497	11.96%
2016		34,917		34,917		-	364,095	9.59%
2017		35,362		35,362		-	364,573	9.70%
2018		30,708		30,708		-	325,598	9.43%
2019		29,648		29,648		-	322,452	9.19%
2020		49,117		49,117		-	380,419	12.91%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 24 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market, 20% Corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% - 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality MP 2017 (base year 2015)

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability June 30, 2020

	12	2/31/2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning	\$	34,643 131,214 7,933 77,901 (64,833) 186,858 1,764,619
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	1,951,477
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Other (Net Transfer)	\$	41,321 15,547 109,704 (64,833) 19,611
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		121,350
Plan Net Position - Beginning Plan Net Position - Ending		1,802,406 1,923,756
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	27,721
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		98.58%
Covered Payroll	\$	345,497
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		8.02%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019
35,572	36,028	35,532	26,839	31,258
144,799	155,542	157,489	162,965	183,905
39,547	(75,254)	89,013	285,102	(168,785)
6,802	(6,752)	(60,275)	61,142	-
(77,211)	(73,553)	(109,811)	(179,005)	(170,003)
(77,211)	(13,553)	(105,011)	(177,000)	(170,003)
149,509	36,011	111,948	357,043	(123,625)
1,951,477	2,100,986	2,136,997	2,248,945	2,605,988
2,100,986	2,136,997	2,248,945	2,605,988	2,482,363
34,917	35,362	30,609	30,586	30,020
16,385	16,406	14,408	14,784	14,878
9,554	132,905	301,312	(134,093)	403,995
(77,211)	(73,553)	(109,811)	(179,005)	(170,003)
(17,490)	(45,759)	6,932	114,336	(213,971)
(33,845)	65,361	243,450	(153,392)	64,919
1,923,756	1,889,911	1,955,272	2,198,722	2,045,330
1,889,911	1,955,272	2,198,722	2,045,330	2,110,249
211,075	181,725	50,223	560,658	372,114
	0.4 = 0		-0.40	0.7.04
89.95%	91.50%	97.77%	78.49%	85.01%
264.005	264.572	220 107	220 525	220 615
364,095	364,573	320,187	328,535	330,615
57.070/	40.950/	15 600/	170 650/	110 550/
57.97%	49.85%	15.69%	170.65%	112.55%

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
D			
Revenues			
Taxes	ф. <i>547</i> 221	5 47 221	550 417
Property	\$ 547,221	547,221	550,417
Personal Property Replacement	90,000	90,000	96,982
Interest	5,000	5,000	7,970
Total Revenues	642,221	642,221	655,369
Expenditures			
General Government			
Administrative	239,389	308,389	262,233
Assessor's Office	353,340	353,340	399,279
Capital Outlay	35,000	35,000	11,947
Debt Service	,	,	,
Principal Retirement	20,475	20,475	20,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,929	5,929	7,013
Total Expenditures	654,133	723,133	700,472
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,912)	(80,912)	(45,103)
Fund Balance - Beginning			619,371
Fund Balance - Ending			574,268

General Assistance - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bud		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property	\$ 145,033	145,033	154,812
Interest	-	-	3,099
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	36,294
Total Revenues	165,033	165,033	194,205
Expenditures			
General Government			
Administrative	90,813	85,813	72,914
Public Welfare			
Relief Assistance	248,500	251,000	196,788
Capital Outlay	2,500	2,500	3,852
Total Expenditures	341,813	339,313	273,554
Net Change in Fund Balance	(176,780)	(174,280)	(79,349)
Fund Balance - Beginning			231,663
Fund Balance - Ending			152,314

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

 Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Major Governmental Funds General Fund
 General Assistance – Special Revenue Fund

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual	
General Government				
Administrative				
Salaries	\$ 114,023	139,289	142,551	
Group Medical and Life Insurance	10,152	15,111	14,656	
Township IMRF/SURS Payments	10,353	15,664	18,349	
Township FICA Payments	8,723	13,087	10,345	
Township SUI Payments	213	313	413	
Office Supplies	2,000	2,000	3,568	
Activity Specific Supplies	1,000	30,000	3,351	
Motor Vehicle Fuel and Parts	1,000	1,000	823	
Small Tools and Equipment	3,500	3,500	2,113	
Professional Services	6,600	6,600	5,391	
Professional Memberships	750	750	791	
Professional Development	2,000	2,000	2,241	
Misc. Contractual Services	34,500	34,500	28,987	
Printing and Document Processing	2,250	2,250	2,255	
Disposal and Recycling Services	825	825	2,343	
Postage and Express Charges	250	250	193	
Insurance Premiums	8,750	8,750	7,702	
Youth Programs	15,000	15,000	300	
Utilities	5,000	5,000	4,307	
Repairs and Maintenance Services	2,500	2,500	4,770	
Contingency	10,000	10,000	6,784	
Total Administrative	239,389	308,389	262,233	
Assessor's Office				
	192.014	102.014	100.710	
Salaries	182,014	182,014	199,718	
Group Medical and Life Insurance	30,461	30,461	40,554	
Township IMRF/SURS Payments	15,358	15,358	24,734	
Township FICA Payments	13,924	13,924	13,468	
Township SUI Payments	533	533	625	
Office Supplies	3,500	3,500	1,336	
Motor Vehicle Parts	750	750	687	
Small Tools and Equipment	7,000	7,000	2,756	
Professional Services	3,500	3,500	603	

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued			
Assessor's Office - Continued			
Professional Memberships	\$ 1,300	1,300	1,265
	3,000	•	•
Professional Development	·	3,000	1,166
Misc. Contractual Services	65,000	65,000	102,948
Printing and Document Processing	2,500	2,500	1,572
Postage and Express Charges	7,500	7,500	2,270
Utilities	5,000	5,000	5,354
Repair and Maintenance Services	2,000	2,000	223
Contingency	10,000	10,000	-
Total Assessor's Office	353,340	353,340	399,279
Total General Government	592,729	661,729	661,512
Capital Outlay	35,000	35,000	11,947
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	20,475	20,475	20,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,929	5,929	7,013
Total Debt Service	26,404	26,404	27,013
Total Expenditures	654,133	723,133	700,472

General Assistance - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Administrative			
Salaries	\$ 48,429	48,429	48,591
Group Medical and Life Insurance	10,152	10,152	8,098
Township IMRF/SURS Payments	4,397	4,397	6,034
Township FICA	3,705	3,705	3,501
Township SUI Payments	230	230	130
Office Supplies	1,000	1,000	1,065
Small Tools and Equipment	1,500	1,500	1,474
Professional Memberships	250	250	25
Professional Development	2,000	2,000	1,919
Misc. Contractual Services	2,250	2,250	1,420
Printing and Document Processing	1,500	1,500	238
Postage and Express Charges	400	400	234
Contingency	15,000	10,000	185
Total General Government	90,813	85,813	72,914
Public Welfare			
Relief Assistance			
General Relief	176,000	176,000	91,646
Emergency	42,500	45,000	69,396
General Assistance Grant	30,000	30,000	35,746
Total Public Welfare	248,500	251,000	196,788
Capital Outlay	2,500	2,500	3,852
Total Expenditures	341,813	339,313	273,554



Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation (ARS) Bonds of 2015 June 30, 2020

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Denomination of Bonds
Interest Rates
Interest Dates
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

December 17, 2015
December 15, 2030
\$325,000
\$5,000
0.825% - 3.25%
December 15 and June 15
December 15
Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, IL

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

2022 20,000 5,833 25,83 2023 20,000 5,407 25,40 2024 20,000 4,947 24,94 2025 20,000 4,467 24,46	scal			
2022 20,000 5,833 25,83 2023 20,000 5,407 25,40 2024 20,000 4,947 24,94 2025 20,000 4,467 24,46	ear_	Principal	Interest	Totals
2022 20,000 5,833 25,83 2023 20,000 5,407 25,40 2024 20,000 4,947 24,94 2025 20,000 4,467 24,46				
2023 20,000 5,407 25,40 2024 20,000 4,947 24,94 2025 20,000 4,467 24,46	021	\$ 20,000	6,218	26,218
2024 20,000 4,947 24,94 2025 20,000 4,467 24,46)22	20,000	5,833	25,833
2025 20,000 4,467 24,46)23	20,000	5,407	25,407
,)24	20,000	4,947	24,947
2026 20,000 3,967 23,96)25	20,000	4,467	24,467
)26	20,000	3,967	23,967
2027 25,000 3,381 28,38)27	25,000	3,381	28,381
2028 25,000 2,694 27,69)28	25,000	2,694	27,694
2029 25,000 1,969 26,96)29	25,000	1,969	26,969
2030 25,000 1,206 26,20)30	25,000	1,206	26,206
2031 25,000 406 25,40)31	25,000	406	25,406
<u>245,000</u> 40,495 285,49		245,000	40,495	285,495